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20 July 1961

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Bugene L. Pahl

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Responsibilities for Production of the

National Intalligence Surveys

REFERENCE:

Draft Report on Review of Selected Activities of the Central Intelligence Agency, January 1961, by the Comptroller General of the United States

- 1. At our meeting in Mr. Robert F. Keller's office on o June 1961, we agreed that the Agracy would submit a memorandum covering points raised by you in the referenced report. The specific items concerned reinbursement by this Agency for work done by the Department of State on the Mational Intelligence Surveys (NIS) and Biographic Intelligence (BI).
- 2. To place the problem in perspective, the concept of the over-all governmental intelligence structure should be kept in mind. It has unique aspects in that the intelligence components OGC outside of the Central Intelligence Agency are integral parts of their respective departments and agracies and yet in the field of intelligence they must function on a coordinated basis to form a

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- The MIS, because of their encyclopedic nature, require multitudinous contributions, many of which are covered to one degree or another in normal departmental intelligence output or in other papers, reports, or studies done by various portions of the Covernment, some not directly related to the intelligence community. It would obviously be impfficient for the Central Intelligance Agency to set up a staff which could deplicate the output that is already required from these other outside staffs. In some cases, these cutside contributions need only some final editing to be satisfactory for MIS purposes. In others, there sust be substantial analysis and evaluation before they are suitable, and the question arises of where such work can be most efficiently performed and who shall beer the financial burden. In certain cases where a department or agency has beste competence in the field of a particular contribuides but must go to miditional expense to make the contribution responsive to MIS needs, the Central Intelligence Agency may be responsible for compensating for such additional expense. In others, the NIS contribution is competible with departmental requirements and priorities so no question of reimbursement srises. In all cases, however, it is the basic responsibility of the Central Intelligence Agency to see that the contributions are forthecoding and in satisfactory form, and the Agency has the further duty to see that the completed NIS studies are kept current and are given appropriate dissemination.
- 5. Obviously, some portions of the HIS studies will be more troublesome them others and involve larger personent staffs and, therefore, greater continuing costs. Also, changing requirements and capabilities make it necessary that the system be flexible so that requirements can be set in the most efficient manner.
- 6. The need for a flexible team concept in this area was recognized by the National Security Council in its Intelligence Directive No. 3, entitled "Coordination of Intelligence Production." In recognition of the Agency's statutory responsibility for correlation and evaluation of intelligence relating to national security, paragraph 1.d. puts the responsibility on the Control Intelligence Agency for coordinating production and maintenance and accomplishing the review, publication, and discomination of the NIS. In further recognition of the statutory directive to use existing

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agencies and facilities where appropriate, the Directive provides in subparagraphs d. and e. of paragraph 1. that other departments and agencies of the Government may be called on for contributions.

- 7. In order to give guidence to the intelligence community, paragraph 7. does allocate responsibilities in certain spheres to certain agencies, and in subparagraph 7.a. particularly states that the Department of State shall produce political and sociological intelligence on all countries and economic intelligence on countries outside the Sino-Soviet Bloc. However, these assignments are subject to refinements through a certimous program of coordination and evaluation by the Director of Central Intelligence (paragraph 7.), and it, therefore, appears that the Mational Security Council elegaly recognised that the basic responsibility for the NIS rests in a term composed of the intelligence community with the Central Intelligence Agency as the focal point.
- 8. The prestical deconstration of this theory is given in the present assignment to the Central Intelligence Agency of the allocation formerly given to the Department of State in paragraph 7. a. based on occasely and an over-all saving in personnel in the Executive Branch. We do not believe, therefore, that the provisions of paragraph 7. of NECID No. 3 are inconsistent with the basic statutory responsibility of the Agency in the production of mational intelligence or that they preclude reimbursement by the Central Intelligence Agency of the whole or a portion of the costs incurred in the preparation by other agencies of contributions to the HIS. This position is further apported by the actions of the Appropriations Committees involved, which are known to you.

/n/ Lawrence R. Bouston

General Counsel

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